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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/880,388	06/13/2001	Yoshikazu Shingu	SHC0131	5198	
7590 03/09/2004			EXAMINER		
Michaal S Gzybowsk			ANDERSON, CATHARINE L		
Butzel Long 350 South Main Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Suite 300 Ann Arbor, MI 48104			3761	16	
Ann Arbor, Mil	48104		DATE MAILED: 03/09/2004	DATE MAILED: 03/09/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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;		Application No.	Applicant(s)	- Q			
	, -	09/880,388	SHINGU ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		C. Lynne Anderson	3761				
۔ Period foi	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address				
A SHO THE M - Extens after S - If the p - If no p - Failure Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Deriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply beriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	e timely filed days will be considered timely. rom the mailing date of this communicatio DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.			
Status							
1)⊠ 2a)⊠ : 3)□ :	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 Description</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters,	•	s			
Dispositio	on of Claims						
5)□ (6)⊠ (7)□ (Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application. (a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or		·				
Application	on Papers						
10)□ T , ,	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Mai 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kline et al. (5,957,908).

With respect to claims 1, 3, 4, and 6, Kline discloses a disposable diaper 20, as shown in figure 1, comprising a topsheet 24, a backsheet 26, a liquid absorbent core 28, a front waist region 46, a rear waist region 44, a crotch region 48, and wings 62 and 64 formed on the rear portion and extending outward. Fastener sections 30 are formed on the wings 62 and 64 and extend outward, the fastener sections 30 having male fasteners formed on and extending from their inner surfaces, as shown in figure 7. The wings 62 and 64 comprise a nonwoven fabric made of thermoplastic synthetic fibers, as disclosed in column 15, lines 29-67. A plurality of fine fusion spots 250 are formed on the inner surfaces of the wings and arranged such that there is a greater number of fine fusion spots 250 per unit area in the outer side regions 253 of the wings 62 and 64 than in the inner regions 254. The area comprising the greater number of fine fusion spots 250 comprises the area extending from the inner transverse edge of the male mechanical fastener strips 30 inward over a transverse distance that is at least equal to the width of the male mechanical fastener strips 30, as shown in figure 7. Kline

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discloses the wings 62 and 64 being made of a laminate of two layers, where the layers are bonded at spots 250 using methods such as heat, pressure, or ultrasound (column 16, lines 28-30). It is the examiner's position that it is impossible to laminate two sheets together using a heating method, pressure method, or ultrasonic method from a non-exposed surface, or from the inside. It is therefore inherent in the method of fusing that when laminating two pieces of material using heat, pressure, or ultrasonic means, the fusion spots must be formed on the outside surface of at least one of the layers.

Kline does not, however, expressly disclose that the fine fusion spots are located on the inner exposed surfaces of the wings. At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the fine fusion spots on the inner exposed surfaces of the wings because the applicant has not disclosed that having the fine fusion spots on the inner exposed surfaces of the wings solves any stated problem or serves any particular purpose. One of ordinary skill in the art would furthermore have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either the fine fusion spots disposed on the outer surface or the claimed inner surface, as the fine fusion spots of both Kline and the instant invention serve the same purpose and perform the same function of providing increased strength and stiffness in areas of the bonds. It would therefore have been and obvious matter of design choice to modify Kline to obtain the invention as specified in claim 1.

With respect to claim 2, the outer regions 253 of the wings 62 and 64 have a higher density of fine fusion spots 250, as shown in figure 7, and therefore are stiffer than the inner regions 254.

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With respect to claim 5, the outer side region of the wings 62 and 64 may be defined as having a width equal to the width of the male mechanical fastener strips 30.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 24 December 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Kline et al. (5,957,908) discloses all aspects of the claimed invention. Kline discloses wings having fine fusion spots thereon, as shown in figure 7. The region of the wings 64 extending inward from the inner transverse edge of the fastener strip 30 in a distance that is equal to the width of the fastener strip 30 still has, on average, a greater number of fine fusion spots per unit area than the remainder of the wing 64.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the fine fusion spots being located on an exterior surface of the wings) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Kline discloses fine fusion spots located on an inner surface of the wing, as shown in figure 7.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Lynne Anderson whose telephone number is (703) 306-5716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Calvert can be reached on (703) 305-1025. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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CVA cla March 5, 2004

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